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DNA. The vast majority of organisms encode their genes in long strands of DNA (deoxyribonucleic acid). DNA consists of a chain made from four types of nucleotide subunits, each composed of: a five-carbon sugar (2-deoxyribose), a phosphate group, and one of the four bases adenine, cytosine, guanine, and thymine.: 2.1 Two chains of DNA twist around each other to form a DNA double helix with the ...

[Housekeeping gene - Wikipedia](#)

*SECTION 6.1 CHROMOSOMES AND MEIOSIS Study Guide KEY
CONCEPT Gametes have half the number of chromosomes that body cells have. VOCABULARY somatic cell autosome fertilization gamete sex chromosome diploid homologous chromosome sexual reproduction*

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haploid meiosis MAIN IDEA: You have body cells and gametes. 1.

[Genome Browser FAQ](#)

The most well studied is Beclin 1, which is a mammalian Atg6/Vps30 (vacuolar protein sorting 30) ortholog and a subunit of the class III PI3-kinase complex. Beclin 1 was originally identified as an interaction partner of Bcl-2, an anti-apoptotic protein (Liang et al. 1998).